



# EXAMINATIONS OF THE HONG KONG STATISTICAL SOCIETY

## HIGHER CERTIFICATE IN STATISTICS, 2014

### MODULE 2 : Probability models

**Time allowed: One and a half hours**

*Candidates should answer **THREE** questions.*

*Each question carries 20 marks.  
The number of marks allotted for each part-question is shown in brackets.*

*Graph paper and Official tables are provided.*

*Candidates may use calculators in accordance with the regulations published in the Society's "Guide to Examinations" (document Ex1).*

*The notation  $\log$  denotes logarithm to base  $e$ .  
Logarithms to any other base are explicitly identified, e.g.  $\log_{10}$ .*

*Note also that  $\binom{n}{r}$  is the same as  ${}^n C_r$ .*

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This examination paper consists of 4 printed pages.

This front cover is page 1.

Question 1 starts on page 2.

There are 4 questions altogether in the paper.

1. A combination lock consists of four rings each labelled with the digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. The rings may be rotated individually and independently, so that all 4-digit combinations of the digits 1, ..., 6 (with repetition) can be shown. A customer buys such a lock. The instructions that come with the lock give the correct combination for opening the lock and state that this combination has been chosen at random from all possible combinations.
- (i) Evaluate  $k$ , the total number of combinations that can be shown. (2)
- (ii) Find the probability that the purchased lock has a combination
- (a) with all digits equal, (1)
- (b) with all digits different, (2)
- (c) with a pair of digits equal, the other two digits being different from each other and from the pair, (6)
- (d) with exactly three digits equal, (5)
- (e) with two pairs of equal digits (but not all four digits the same). (4)

2. The continuous random variable  $X$  has probability density function (pdf)  $f(x)$  given by

$$f(x) = \frac{k}{x^4}, \quad x \geq \theta,$$

where  $\theta$  is a positive constant.

- (i) (a) Find  $k$  in terms of  $\theta$ . For the case  $\theta = 1$ , sketch the graph of  $f(x)$ , marking the value of  $f(1)$  on your graph. (6)
- (b) Show that  $E(X) = \frac{3}{2}\theta$  and  $\text{Var}(X) = \frac{3}{4}\theta^2$ . (5)
- (ii) Let  $\bar{X}$  denote the mean of  $n$  independent random variables,  $X_1, \dots, X_n$ , each of which has the pdf  $f(x)$ .
- (a) Write down an approximation to the distribution of  $\bar{X}$  based on the central limit theorem. How would you expect the success of the approximation to vary with  $n$ ? (2)
- (b) Use this distribution to show that  $P\left(|\bar{X} - E(X)| \leq 1.96\theta\sqrt{\frac{3}{4n}}\right) = 0.95$  approximately. Hence find an approximation to the least value of  $n$  such that  $P(|\bar{X} - E(X)| < 0.1\theta) \geq 0.95$ . (7)

3. The probability that a given character is miscopied when I send an email is 0.001, independently of all other characters.

(i) If I send an email of 2000 characters, state

(a) the exact distribution,

(b) a suitable approximate distribution,

for the number,  $X$ , of miscopied characters. Use the approximate distribution to find  $P(X = 0)$  and  $P(X > 2)$ .

(5)

(ii) If I send a second email, consisting of 3000 characters and independent of the first, state corresponding approximate distributions

(a) for the number,  $Y$ , of miscopied characters in the second email,

(b) for the total number,  $Z$ , of miscopied characters in the two emails combined.

Use this distribution of  $Z$  to find  $P(Z = 4)$  and then use the approximate distributions of  $X$ ,  $Y$  and  $Z$  to find the conditional probability  $P(X = 2 | Z = 4)$ .

(8)

(iii) In the course of a week I send 50 emails, all independent and consisting of 100000 characters in total. State

(a) the exact distribution,

(b) a suitable approximation,

for the total number,  $W$ , of miscopied characters. Use the approximate distribution to find  $P(W > 115)$ .

(7)

4. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be independent standard Normal random variables and let  $\Phi(\cdot)$  denote the cumulative distribution function of the standard Normal random variable.

(i) Write down the distribution of  $4X - 3Y$  and hence find  $P(4X > 3Y + 2)$ . (5)

(ii) Let  $W = \max(X, Y)$ .

(a) Write down  $P(X \leq x, Y \leq x)$  in terms of  $\Phi(x)$  and hence explain why the cumulative distribution function of  $W$  is given by

$$F_w(w) = [\Phi(w)]^2, \quad -\infty < w < \infty. \quad (4)$$

(b) Find  $Q1$  and  $Q3$ , the lower and upper quartiles of  $W$ . (5)

(iii) A random sample of 400 observations of  $W$  is taken. Write down the distribution of the number  $K$  of observations in the sample that lie within the interval  $(Q1, Q3)$ . Use a suitable approximation to calculate  $P(K \leq 210)$ . (6)